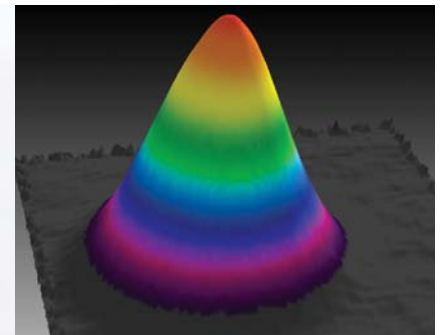


Mid-IR Fiber Optics Hollow Glass Waveguides



a. Fiber delivery of QCL



b. Output Beam Profile

Waveguides with reflective layer and thin-film dielectric coating applied using novel processes
Dielectric coatings can be optimized for specific wavelengths or for broadband applications



Configurations

Single-Mode - high beam quality for $\lambda \geq 8 \mu\text{m}$

Multi-Mode - low loss for $\lambda \geq 3 \mu\text{m}$

Bundles for remote IR imaging / signal-collection

Key Features

Excellent transmission across Mid-IR spectrum ($3 \mu\text{m} \leq \lambda \leq 16 \mu\text{m}$)

Gaussian beam delivery

Simple, high efficiency coupling

Mode filtering

High damage threshold

Robust and flexible

No end reflections - reduced laser feedback

No cladding modes - reduced system noise

Opto Knowledge

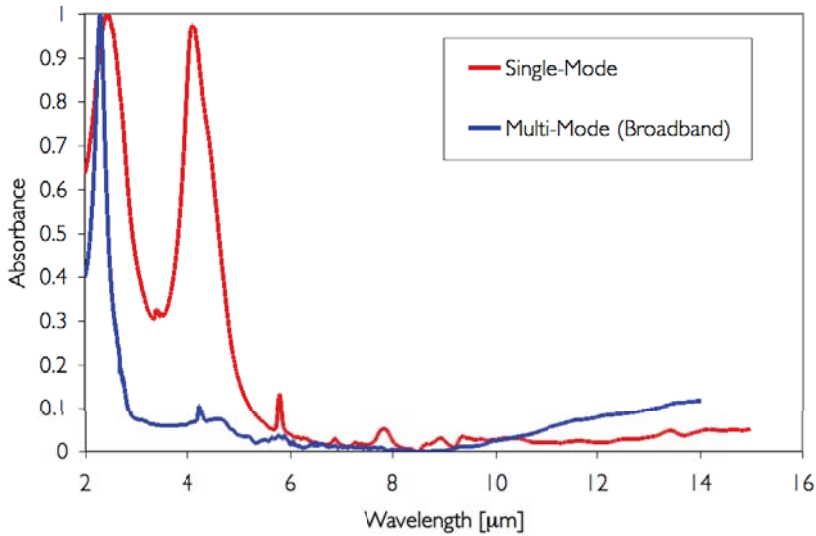
Recipient of the 2011
Tibbets Award



Mid-IR Fiber Optics Characteristics

Property	Single-Mode	Multi-Mode	Comments
Bore Diameter	300 μm	700 μm	Other sizes available upon request
Staight Loss / Length	1 dB/m	0.1 dB/m	Measured at $\lambda = 10.6 \mu\text{m}$
Typical Bending Loss	0.3 dB	0.3 dB	Measured for 90 deg bend with radius = 0.25 m
Spectral Range	6 to 16 μm	3 to 16 μm	Can be optimized for different ranges
Numerical Aperture	0.035	0.015	Value at $\lambda = 9 \mu\text{m}$
Coupling Efficiency	> 90 %	> 90 %	Using NA-matched optics
Power Rating	30 W	100 W	Higher power possible with cooling

Scaled Fiber Losses



Applications

- Laser delivery
- Spectroscopy
- IR imaging
- IR countermeasures
- Small volume gas cell

Custom Optics for

- Beam coupling
- Beam collimation
- Beam focusing
- Signal collection
- IR imaging (fiber bundles)

In Development

- Single-mode fibers for $\lambda = 3$ to $5 \mu\text{m}$
- Lower loss fibers using next generation coating techniques
- Tapered fibers for various applications
- Fibers for high energy, visible wavelength beam delivery



Shown with collimating optics